From: <u>Jackson, Ryan</u>
To: <u>Bowman, Liz</u>

Cc: Ryan Vise; Grantham, Nancy; Coleman, Sam; Gray, David; Forsgren, Lee; Drinkard, Andrea; Greenwalt, Sarah;

Wagner, Kenneth

Subject: Re: For Review: First Draft of Water Release

Date: Sunday, September 3, 2017 9:45:21 AM

Go. Thanks.

Ryan Jackson Chief of Staff U.S. EPA (202) 564-6999

On Sep 3, 2017, at 10:30 AM, Bowman, Liz < Bowman.Liz@epa.gov > wrote:

Great, thank you. Updated below:

STATUS OF WATER SYSTEMS IN AREAS AFFECTED BY HARVEY WASHINGTON (September 3, 2017) – Working together, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) continue to coordinate with local, state and federal officials to address the human health and environmental impacts of Hurricane Harvey and its aftermath, especially the water systems in the affected areas. As of Saturday, September 2nd, 2017, the following information is available:

- <!--[if!supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]--> **Drinking Water:** Half (2300) of the **4500** drinking water systems potentially affected by Harvey have been contacted. Of those: 1757 systems are fully operational, 137 have boilwater notices, and 113 are shut down. The agencies are contacting remaining systems to gather updated information of their status. Assistance Teams are in the field working directly with system operators to expedite bringing systems back to operational status. Additional drinking water assessments should be up and running within the next day.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->•<!--[endif]-->Waste Water and Sewage: Currently, 794 of approximately 2467 wastewater treatment plants are fully operational in the affected counties. The agencies are aware that releases of wastewater from sanitary sewers that is occurring, due to the historic flooding and are actively working to monitor facilities that have reported spills, conduct outreach and provide technical guidance to all other wastewater facilities in flood-impacted areas. EPA and TCEQ are working closely with the U.S. Coast Guard, the Texas Military Department, and other local and state agencies to continuously monitor wastewater systems. Houston's unified command will be up and running shortly to support water testing. Assistance Teams will be deployed to work directly

- with system operators to expedite bringing systems back to operational status.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Residential Wells:** EPA is developing a plan for sampling residential wells, and is coordinating with TCEQ to establish several locations where residents can bring water samples from their wells to be tested.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Flood Water:** Water quality sampling will be focused on industrial facilities and hazardous waste sites. Floodwaters contain many hazards, including bacteria and other contaminants. Precautions should be taken by anyone involved in cleanup activities or any others who may be exposed to flood waters. These precautions include heeding all warnings from local and state authorities regarding safety advisories. In addition to the drowning hazards of wading, swimming, or driving in swift floodwaters, these waters can carry large objects that are not always readily visible that can cause injuries to those in the water. Other potential hazards include downed power lines and possible injuries inflicted by animals displaced by the floodwaters.

Additional EPA/TCEQ updates include:

- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Air Quality Monitoring: One of the many preparations for Hurricane Harvey included EPA, TCEQ, and other monitoring entities temporarily removing approximately 75 percent of the stationary air monitoring equipment from the greater Houston, Corpus Christi, and Beaumont areas. Since then, state and local authorities are working to get the systems up and running again. As of Saturday, September 2, over 70 percent of the monitors are up and working again; and authorities expect that the network will be fully operational again by next week. Of the available air monitoring data collected from August 24-September 2, 2017, all measured concentrations were well below levels of health concern. Monitors are showing that air quality at this time is not concerning and local residents should not be concerned about air quality issues related to the effects of the storm.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Fires at Arkema Facility in Crosby, Texas:

 EPA and TCEQ are coordinating closely with Harris County Officials along
 with the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, and other local public
 safety officials. As a result of initial chemical fires while the facility was
 flooded, EPA has collected downstream surface water runoff samples at
 four locations outside the evacuation zone, near residential areas. EPA will

maintain a 24-hour presence at the incident command operations center near this facility, to support local emergency personnel on the ground. The 1.5 mile radius evacuation zone remains in effect until local emergency response authorities announce it is safe.

<!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Refineries/Fuel Waivers: In addition to waivers for 38 states and D.C., EPA signed four No Action Assurance (NAA) letters on September 1, to help address fuel shortages. NAA will help expedite the distribution of existing gasoline supplies to both Texas and Louisiana, while the refineries work to re-start and resume normal operations. Each is effective until September 15, 2017, and should allow for the distribution in Texas of 10 million or more gallons of gasoline to consumers.

For additional information from TCEQ, please visit:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/hurricanes

From: Ryan Vise [mailto:Ryan.Vise@Tceq.Texas.Gov]

Sent: Sunday, September 3, 2017 10:25 AM **To:** Bowman, Liz < <u>Bowman.Liz@epa.gov</u>>

Cc: Grantham, Nancy < <u>Grantham.Nancy@epa.gov</u>>; Jackson, Ryan

<<u>jackson.ryan@epa.gov</u>>; Coleman, Sam <<u>Coleman.Sam@epa.gov</u>>; Gray, David

<gray.david@epa.gov>; Forsgren, Lee <Forsgren.Lee@epa.gov>; Drinkard, Andrea

<<u>Drinkard.Andrea@epa.gov</u>>; Greenwalt, Sarah <<u>greenwalt.sarah@epa.gov</u>>; Wagner,

Kenneth < wagner.kenneth@epa.gov >

Subject: Re: For Review: First Draft of Water Release

We can add some more air monitoring:

One of the many preparations for Hurricane Harvey included EPA, TCEQ, and other monitoring entities temporarily removing approximately 75% of the stationary air monitoring equipment from the greater Houston, Corpus Christi, and Beaumont areas. Of the available air monitoring data collected from August 24-September 2, 2017, all measured concentrations were well below levels of health concern.

- · More than 70% of the air monitors in Corpus Christi, Houston, and Beaumont have been re-established and are collecting data.
- \cdot EPA and TCEQ personnel are assessing monitoring stations in these areas for damage, and bringing them back online as access allows. All air monitoring stations in these areas that are accessible are expected to be back online by Friday, September 8, 2017.

Sent from my iPhone

On Sep 3, 2017, at 9:14 AM, Bowman, Liz < Bowman.Liz@epa.gov > wrote:

STATUS OF WATER SYSTEMS IN AREAS AFFECTED BY HARVEY

WASHINGTON (September 3, 2017) – Working together, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) continue to coordinate with local, state and federal officials to address the human health and environmental impacts of Hurricane Harvey and its aftermath, especially the water systems in the affected areas. As of Saturday, September 2nd, 2017, the following information is available:

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 Currently, 794 of approximately 2467 wastewater treatment
 plants are fully operational in the affected counties. The
 agencies are aware that releases of wastewater from sanitary
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 actively working to monitor facilities that have reported spills,
 conduct outreach and provide technical guidance to all other
 wastewater facilities in flood-impacted areas. EPA and TCEQ
 are working closely with the U.S. Coast Guard, the Texas
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 continuously monitor wastewater systems. Houston's unified
 command will be up and running shortly to support water
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 with system operators to expedite bringing systems back to
 operational status.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Residential Wells:** EPA is developing a plan for sampling residential wells, and is coordinating with TCEQ to establish several locations where residents can bring water samples from their wells to be tested.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Flood Water:** Water quality

sampling will be focused on industrial facilities and hazardous waste sites. Floodwaters contain many hazards, including bacteria and other contaminants. Precautions should be taken by anyone involved in cleanup activities or any others who may be exposed to flood waters. These precautions include heeding all warnings from local and state authorities regarding safety advisories. In addition to the drowning hazards of wading, swimming, or driving in swift floodwaters, these waters can carry large objects that are not always readily visible that can cause injuries to those in the water. Other potential hazards include downed power lines and possible injuries inflicted by animals displaced by the floodwaters.

Additional EPA/TCEQ updates include:

- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Superfund Sites:** EPA and TCEQ continue to get updates about the status of specific sites from the parties responsible for ongoing cleanup of the sites. The most recent information can be found here.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Air Quality Monitoring:

 Monitors are showing that air quality at this time is not concerning and local residents should not be concerned about air quality issues related to the effects of the storm.

 Due to quick action and proper preparation by state and local authorities, all the station ambient air quality monitors in the network from south of Corpus Christi, to Belmont, and all the impacted areas were protected before the storm. Since then, state and local authorities are working to get the systems up and running again. As of Saturday, September 2, over 70 percent of the monitors are up and working again; and authorities expect that the network will be fully operational again by next week.
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evacuation zone remains in effect until local emergency response authorities announce it is safe.

<!--[if!supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Refineries/Fuel Waivers: In addition to waivers for 38 states and D.C., EPA signed four No Action Assurance (NAA) letters on September 1, to help address fuel shortages. NAA will help expedite the distribution of existing gasoline supplies to both Texas and Louisiana, while the refineries work to re-start and resume normal operations. Each is effective until September 15, 2017, and should allow for the distribution in Texas of 10 million or more gallons of gasoline to consumers.

For additional information from TCEQ, please visit:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/hurricanes

From: Grantham, Nancy

Sent: Sunday, September 3, 2017 10:14 AM

To: Jackson, Ryan < <u>jackson.ryan@epa.gov</u>>; Coleman, Sam

<<u>Coleman.Sam@epa.gov</u>>

Cc: Bowman, Liz < Bowman.Liz@epa.gov >; Ryan Vise

<<u>Ryan.Vise@Tceq.Texas.Gov</u>>; Gray, David <<u>gray.david@epa.gov</u>>;

Forsgren, Lee < Forsgren. Lee@epa.gov >; Drinkard, Andrea

<<u>Drinkard.Andrea@epa.gov</u>>; Greenwalt, Sarah

<greenwalt.sarah@epa.gov>; Wagner, Kenneth

<wagner.kenneth@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: For Review: First Draft of Water Release Eoc hq water desk looking at this quickly .. thanks ng

Nancy Grantham

Office of Public Affairs

US Environmental Protection Agency

202-564-6879 (desk)

202-253-7056 (mobile)

From: Jackson, Ryan

Sent: Sunday, September 03, 2017 9:54 AM **To:** Coleman, Sam < <u>Coleman.Sam@epa.gov</u>>

Cc: Bowman, Liz < Bowman.Liz@epa.gov >; Ryan Vise

<<u>Ryan.Vise@Tceq.Texas.Gov</u>>; Gray, David <<u>gray.david@epa.gov</u>>;

Forsgren, Lee < Forsgren. Lee@epa.gov >; Drinkard, Andrea

<<u>Drinkard.Andrea@epa.gov</u>>; Grantham, Nancy

<<u>Grantham.Nancy@epa.gov</u>>; Greenwalt, Sarah

<greenwalt.sarah@epa.gov>; Wagner, Kenneth

<wagner.kenneth@epa.gov>

Subject: Re: For Review: First Draft of Water Release

Let's go ahead with this release and we can supplement trailer

information later.

Is there a link to the superfund site information which can be included in this? We need to go ahead and send.

Ryan Jackson Chief of Staff U.S. EPA (202) 564-6999

On Sep 3, 2017, at 9:51 AM, Coleman, Sam < Coleman.Sam@epa.gov> wrote:

No fire overnight trailers are smoldering but not burning. As of 30 min ago.

Samuel Coleman, P.E.

Deputy Regional Administrator

EPA Region 6

coleman.sam@epa.gov

214.665.2100 Ofc

214.665.3110 Direct

214.789.2016 Cell

From: Bowman, Liz

Sent: Sunday, September 03, 2017 8:49 AM **To:** Ryan Vise Ryan Vise@Tceg.Texas.Gov

Cc: Coleman, Sam < Coleman.Sam@epa.gov >; Gray, David

<gray.david@epa.gov>; Forsgren, Lee

<Forsgren.Lee@epa.gov>; Drinkard, Andrea

<<u>Drinkard.Andrea@epa.gov</u>>; Grantham, Nancy

<<u>Grantham.Nancy@epa.gov</u>>; Greenwalt, Sarah

<greenwalt.sarah@epa.gov>; Wagner, Kenneth

<wagner.kenneth@epa.gov>; Jackson, Ryan

<jackson.rvan@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: For Review: First Draft of Water Release Thank you all, I am mocking this up to go out shortly with everyone's edits. I haven't heard anything additional about the Arkema fire, so I think we can still send this out this morning.

From: Ryan Vise [mailto:Ryan.Vise@Tceq.Texas.Gov]

Sent: Sunday, September 3, 2017 8:04 AM **To:** Bowman, Liz < Bowman, Liz@epa.gov>

Cc: Coleman, Sam < Coleman.Sam@epa.gov >; Gray, David

<gray.david@epa.gov>; Forsgren, Lee

<Forsgren.Lee@epa.gov>; Drinkard, Andrea

<<u>Drinkard.Andrea@epa.gov</u>>; Grantham, Nancy

<<u>Grantham.Nancy@epa.gov</u>>; Greenwalt, Sarah

<<u>greenwalt.sarah@epa.gov</u>>; Wagner, Kenneth <<u>wagner.kenneth@epa.gov</u>>; Jackson, Ryan <<u>jackson.ryan@epa.gov</u>>

Subject: Re: For Review: First Draft of Water Release Looks good, One minor suggestion re: Arkema. I don't know if we should mention the controlled burn since it hasn't been reschedule.

Sent from my iPhone

On Sep 3, 2017, at 7:00 AM, Bowman, Liz Sowman.Liz@epa.gov wrote:

Thank you

Sent from my iPhone

On Sep 3, 2017, at 3:06 AM, Coleman, Sam < Coleman.Sam@epa.gov> wrote:

A couple of situational changes:

STATUS OF WATER
SYSTEMS IN AREAS
AFFECTED BY HARVEY

WASHINGTON (September 3, 2017) – Working together, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) continue to coordinate with local, state and federal officials to address the human health and environmental impacts of Hurricane Harvey and its aftermath, especially the water systems in the affected areas. As of Saturday, September 2nd, 2017, the following information is available:

<!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--

[endif]-->**Drinking**

Water: Of the approximately 4512 drinking water systems in the affected area, 1757 systems are fully operational, 98 are partially operational, with a "boil water" notice, and 49 continue to have outages. The agencies are contacting 189 systems to gather updated information of their status. Assistance Teams are in the field working directly with system operators to expedite bringing systems back to operational status. Additional drinking water assessments should be up and running within the next day.

<!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!-[endif]-->Waste Water
and Sewage: Currently,
794 of approximately
2467 wastewater
treatment plants are
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agencies are aware that
releases of wastewater
from sanitary sewers
that is occurring, due to
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are actively working to
monitor facilities that

have reported spills, conduct outreach and provide technical guidance to all other wastewater facilities in flood-impacted areas.

EPA and TCEQ are working closely with the U.S. Coast Guard, the

Texas Military

Department, and other local and state agencies to continuously monitor wastewater systems. Houston's unified command will be up and running shortly to support water testing.

Assistance Teams will be deployed to work directly with system operators to expedite bringing systems back to operational status.

<!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Residential**

Wells: EPA is developing a plan for sampling residential wells, and is coordinating with TCEQ to establish several locations where residents can bring water samples from their wells to be tested.

NOTE: We need to start this process asap

<!--[if !supportLists]-->•<!-[endif]-->Critical Water
Infrastructure: The
agencies are continuing

to work closely with the dams. The larger dams are full in many cases, and may be releasing water, the structures are secure at this time.

NOTE: USACE is responsible for the two large dams that are getting a lot of Media attention Addicks, and

Barker

<!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!-[endif]-->Flood Water:

Water quality sampling
will be focused on
industrial facilities and
hazardous waste sites.

Floodwaters contain
many hazards, including
bacteria and other
contaminants.

Precautions should be
taken by anyone
involved in cleanup

activities or any others who may be exposed to flood waters. These precautions include heeding all warnings from local and state authorities regarding safety advisories. In addition to the drowning hazards of wading, swimming, or driving in swift floodwaters, these waters can carry large objects that are not always readily visible

that can cause injuries to those in the water.
Other potential hazards include downed power lines and possible injuries inflicted by animals displaced by the floodwaters.

Additional EPA/TCEQ updates include:

<!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!-[endif]-->Superfund
Sites: EPA and TCEQ
continue to get updates
about the status of
specific sites from the
parties responsible for
ongoing cleanup of the
sites. The most recent
information can be
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<!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->**Air Quality**

Monitoring: Monitors are showing that air quality at this time is not concerning and local residents should not be concerned about air quality issues related to the effects of the storm. Due to quick action and proper preparation by

State and local

authorities, all the station ambient air quality monitors in the network from south of Corpus Christi, to Belmont, and all the impacted areas were

protected before the storm. Since then, state and local authorities are working to get the systems up and running again. As of Saturday, September 2, over 70 percent of the monitors are up and working again; and authorities expect that the network will be fully operational again by next week. <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--

[endif]-->Fires at

Arkema Facility in

Crosby, Texas: EPA and TCEQ are coordinating closely with Harris

County Officials along

with the U.S.

Department of

Homeland Security, and

other local public safety officials. Due to the

increased risk of unpredictable fires at

the remaining trailers, experts on the ground

decided that the best

course of action was to

ignite a controlled fire

for the remaining trailers on Saturday

evening, September 2nd.

However, at

approximately this

approach was

suspended because the

trailers began to

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expected to

spontaneounsly ignite.

As a result of initial

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addition, EPA will

maintain a 24-hour

presence at the incident

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center near this facility,

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the ground. The 1.5 mile

radius evacuation zone

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For additional information from

TCEQ, please visit:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/hurricanes

Sorry this is so late. Had to sleep.

Samuel Coleman, P.E.

Deputy Regional Administrator

EPA Region 6

coleman.sam@epa.gov

214.665.2100 Ofc

214.665.3110 Direct

214.789.2016 Cell

From: Bowman, Liz

Sent: Saturday, September 02,

2017 8:48 PM

To: Coleman, Sam

<<u>Coleman.Sam@epa.gov</u>>; Ryan

Vise

<<u>Ryan.Vise@Tceg.Texas.Gov</u>>;

Gray, David
<gray.david@epa.gov>; Forsgren,
Lee <Forsgren.Lee@epa.gov>;
Drinkard, Andrea
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Greenwalt, Sarah
<greenwalt.sarah@epa.gov>;
Wagner, Kenneth
<wagner.kenneth@epa.gov>

Cc: Jackson, Ryan

<jackson.ryan@epa.gov>

Subject: For Review: First Draft of

Water Release

Below, please find a first draft of a release on the status of water systems in the Harvey affected area. I highlighted the areas where I need some help with numbers. Please review this and let me know if you have thoughts or edits. This is just a first draft and I am a little tired, so edits are welcome. The goal is to get this out first thing tomorrow morning. Thank you — Liz

STATUS OF WATER
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Wells: EPA is developing a plan for sampling and monitoring residential wells, and is coordinating with TCEQ to provide updates to the community on the status of water from residential well water.

<!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!-[endif]-->Critical Water
Infrastructure: The

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. .

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the flood water in the

vicinity of the plant, to

document changes in

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Liz Bowman
U.S. Environmental Protection
Agency (EPA)

Office: 202-564-3293